Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

- 12. (Original) A method of treating or preventing allergic rhinitis in a human which comprises administering to a human a therapeutically effective amount of norastemizole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a therapeutically effective amount of a leukotriene inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A method of treating or preventing allergic rhinitis in a human which comprises administering to a human a composition, said composition comprising (i) a therapeutically effective amount of norastemizole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; (ii) a therapeutically effective amount of leukotriene inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, selected from the group consisting of wherein the leukotriene inhibitor is a 5-lipoxygenase inhibitors, a 5-lipoxygenase activating protein antagonists, or a leukotriene receptor antagonists, and mixtures thereof; and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the administration of the amount norastemizole or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and the amount of leukotriene inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, avoids the concomitant liability of adverse effects associated with the administration of non-sedating antihistamines.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the administration of the amount norastemizole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and the amount of leukotriene inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, avoids the concomitant liability of adverse effects associated with the administration of non-sedating antihistamines.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 12, 13, 14, or 15 wherein the administering further comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a decongestant, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2 DCJD: 500208.2

- 30. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, 2, 7, 8, 12, or 13, 17, 18, 22, or 23 12 or 13 wherein the amount of norastemizole administered is from about 1 mg to about 200 mg per day.
- 31. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 12 or 13, wherein the amount of norastemizole administered is from about 10 mg to about 100 mg per day.
- 32. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 12 or 13, wherein the compositions are administered as a nasal or oral spray.
- 33. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 12 or 13, wherein at least one of the norastemizole and the leukotriene inhibitor is administered as a nasal or oral spray.
- 34. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 12 or 13, wherein at least one of the norastemizole and the leukotriene inhibitor is administered in an oral solid dosage form.
- 35. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 12 or 13, wherein the norastemizole is administered as a nasal or oral spray.
- 36. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 12 or 13, wherein the leukotriene inhibitor is a 5-lipoxygenase inhibitor.
- 37. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 36, wherein the 5-lipoxygenase inhibitor is selected from the group consisting of zileuton, docebenone, piripost, or ICI-D2318, and mixtures thereof.
- 38. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 12 or 13, wherein the leukotriene inhibitor is a 5-lipoxygenase activating protein.
- 39. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 38, wherein the 5-lipoxygenase activating protein is selected from the group consisting of MK-591, or MK-886, and mixtures thereof.

3 DCJD: 500208.2

- 40. (Previously Amended) The method of claim 12 or 13, wherein the leukotriene inhibitor is a leukotriene receptor antagonist.
- 41. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 40, wherein the leukotriene receptor antagonist is selected from the group consisting of zafirlukast, montelukast, pranlukast, sodium 1-(((R)-(3-(2-(6,7-difluoro-2-quinolinyl) ethynyl)phenyl)-3-(2-(2-hydroxy-2-propyl)phenyl)thio)methyl)cyclopropaneacetate, 1-(((1(R)-(3-(2-(2,3-dichlorothieno[3,2-b]pyridin-5-yl)-(E)-ethenyl)phenyl)-3-(2-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)phenyl)propyl)thio)methyl)cyclopropaneacetic acid, and or a salts and mixtures thereof.
- 42. (New) A method of treating or preventing allergic rhinitis in a human which consists essentially of administering to a human a therapeutically effective amount of norastemizole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a therapeutically effective amount of a leukotriene inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the leukotriene inhibitor is a 5-lipoxygenase activating protein antagonist or a leukotriene receptor antagonist.
- 43. (New) A method of treating or preventing allergic rhinitis in a human which comprises administering to a human a composition, said composition consisting essentially of: (i) a therapeutically effective amount of norastemizole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; (ii) a therapeutically effective amount of leukotriene inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the leukotriene inhibitor is a 5-liposygenase activating protein antagonists, or a leukotriene receptor antagonist; and (iii) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.
- 44. (New) The method of claim 42 wherein the administration of the amount norastemizole or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and the amount of leukotriene inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, avoids the concomitant liability of adverse effects associated with the administration of non-sedating antihistamines.

- 45. (New) The method of claim 43, wherein the administration of the amount norastemizole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and the amount of leukotriene inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, avoids the concomitant liability of adverse effects associated with the administration of non-sedating antihistamines.
- 46. (New) The method of claim 42, 43, 44, or 45 wherein the administering further comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a decongestant, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 47. (New) The method of claim 42 or 43, wherein the amount of norastemizole administered is from about 1 mg to about 200 mg per day.
- 48. (New) The method of claim 47, wherein the amount of norastemizole administered is from about 10 mg to about 100 mg per day.
- 49. (New) The method of claim 42 or 43, wherein the compositions are administered as a nasal or oral spray.
- 50. (New) The method of claim 42 or 43, wherein at least one of the norastemizole and the leukotriene inhibitor is administered as a nasal or oral spray.
- 51. (New) The method of claim 42 or 43, wherein at least one of the norastemizole and the leukotriene inhibitor is administered in an oral solid dosage form.
- 52. (New) The method of claim 42 or 43, wherein the norastemizole is administered as a nasal or oral spray.
- 53. (New) The method of claim 42 or 43, wherein the leukotriene inhibitor is a 5-lipoxygenase activating protein.
- 54. (New) The method of claim 53, wherein the 5-lipoxygenase activating protein is MK-591 or MK-886.

5 DCJD: 500208.2

- 55. (New) The method of claim 42 or 43, wherein the leukotriene inhibitor is a leukotriene receptor antagonist.
- 56. (New) The method of claim 55, wherein the leukotriene receptor antagonist is zafirlukast, montelukast, pranlukast, sodium 1-(((R)-(3-(2-(6,7-difluoro-2-quinolinyl)ethynyl)phenyl)-3-(2-(2-hydroxy-2-propyl)phenyl)thio)methyl) cyclopropaneacetate, 1-(((1(R)-(3-(2-(2,3-dichlorothieno[3,2-b]pyridin-5-yl)-(E)-ethenyl)phenyl)-3-(2-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl)phenyl)propyl)thio)methyl) cyclopropaneacetic acid, or a salt thereof.
- 57. (New) A method of treating or preventing allergic rhinitis in a human which consists essentially of administering to a human a therapeutically effective amount of norastemizole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a therapeutically effective amount of a 5-lipoxygenase inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the 5-lipoxygenase inhibitor is zileuton, docebenone, piripost or ICI-D2318.
- 58. (New) A method of treating or preventing allergic rhinitis in a human which comprises administering to a human a composition, said composition consisting essentially of: (i) a therapeutically effective amount of norastemizole, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; (ii) a therapeutically effective amount of a 5-lipoxygenase inhibitor, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein the 5-lipoxugenase inhibitor is zileuton, docebenone, piripost or ICI-D2318; and (iii) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.